

Warnings

Safety should be your highest priority when working with this item. It is your responsibility to use and handle it in a safe manner and in accordance with all safety policies in the work area. Wear appropriate safety equipment including eye and ear protection while using this item.



To avoid danger of suffocation, keep this bag away from babies and children. Do not use this bag in cribs, beds, carriages or play pens. This bag is not a toy.

Brass products may contain chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.

Use of this item is at your own risk. JWW Services Inc. doing business as VeneerSupplies.com disclaims all responsibility for any resulting damage, injury or expense. For more information please visit https://www.veneersupplies.com/pages/Legal__Information.html

Included Items

Vacuum bag, brass stem insert, bag closure and this instruction sheet.

Preparing Your Vacuum Bag

1. Unroll the vacuum bag and locate the nipple which is located approximately 15 inches inward from the vacuum bag opening.
2. From the top side of the vacuum bag, insert the barbed side of the brass connector into the nipple.
3. Connect your vacuum tube to the vacuum bag with the lock-on connector available on our website.

Applying the Bag Closure

The PVC closure system included with your vacuum bag will allow you to easily seal the bag opening. Simply roll the bag opening over the PVC tube. Then snap the PVC C-channel over the bag starting from one side and working towards the opposite side. Be certain that the entire bag opening is secured by the closure and that there are no wrinkles in the bag material.



To remove the closure, pull the C-channel off of the PVC tube starting at one end and work toward to the opposite side until the closure is released.

You can attach spring clamps over the C-channel for additional clamping strength. This is not necessary under normal conditions but it will provide a better seal if the bag or closure is heavily worn. For the ultimate gripping strength on polyurethane bags only, the bag material may be rolled over the white tube twice before the C-channel is attached. We do not recommend more than a double roll over the tube due to the difficulty of removing the closure under such clamping pressure.

A light coat of car wax applied to the outside of the bag will make it easier to apply the closure.

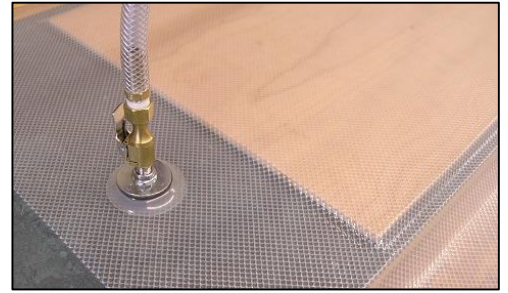
Vacuum Bag Platens

The platen system inside the vacuum bag is what keeps the panel flat while the press is in use. It also allows air to flow out of the bag to the vacuum source thereby creating evenly distributed vacuum inside the bag. You'll need to make 2 platens from $\frac{3}{4}$ " melamine boards. This is the ideal material for a vacuum press platen because it prevents the veneered panel and any excess adhesive from sticking. The top platen will need grooves cut into the surface to allow air to flow out of the vacuum bag.

For more information visit www.JoeWoodworker.com/veneering/platenscauls.htm

Breather Mesh Makes Vacuum Pressing Easier

Breather mesh is an inexpensive extruded plastic fabric that is used in a vacuum bag to allow air to flow away from the project being pressed and towards the vacuum port (bag stem). It is used in place of a top platen. Without it, the vacuum bag material can seal itself against the veneer causing pockets of air. These pockets have little or no vacuum inside and therefore do not provide enough clamping strength for veneer work. Breather mesh allows the even distribution of vacuum inside the bag. This is the key to successful vacuum pressing.



For more information visit www.JoeWoodworker.com/veneering/breather-mesh.htm

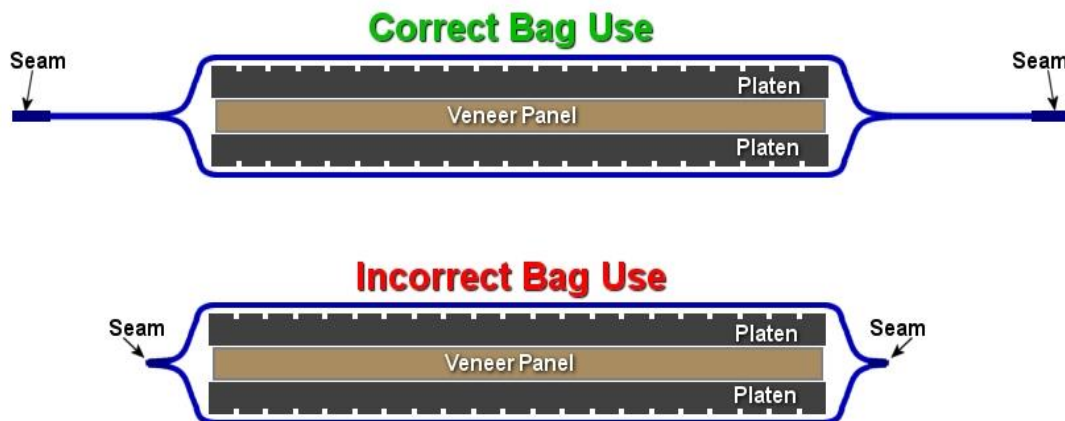
Avoid These Common Mistakes - PLEASE READ CAREFULLY

Extend the service life of the vacuum bag by using and storing it carefully. Be sure to round over the protruding edges of anything placed inside the bag including the platen. When you finish using the vacuum bag, store it away from direct sunlight and other UV sources such as fluorescent lighting.

It is imperative that the user prevents the vacuum bag from being vacuumed into any deep openings in the project or project form. Vacuum can cause the bag to stretch into these openings and create a reverse bubble which will eventually burst. The resulting damage will not likely be repairable. Use a suitable material that safely covers these openings and prevents the bag material from going inside the project.

Vinyl Bags - During the first two or three uses, a vinyl vacuum bag may seem rigid and difficult to work with. However you'll find that the vinyl becomes more soft and pliable with each use. Within the first ten pressings you will see and feel a noticeable increase in the bag's flexibility.

Additionally, some of our vacuum bag sizes have edge seams. The seams will surely break if they are being pulled apart by vacuum. When using an appropriately sized bag, the seams will pull together. In the first image below you can see a small project inside a large bag. Notice that the seams actually pull together and are not stressed. In the second picture below the bag is too small for the project and the seams are being pulled apart.



Vacuum Bag Maintenance

In the unlikely event that your bag develops a leak, the easiest way to find it is to place a piece of brown paper in the area where you suspect there is a leak. Then place the platens inside the bag and clamp it shut. Next, turn on the vacuum unit and allow it to achieve as much vacuum as possible. Now spray the outside of the bag with water. Any holes in the bag will show up on the paper as the water is absorbed. To repair the leak, contact us for a patch kit.

Making Large Bags More Convenient

It can be difficult to work with a large project in a large vacuum bag. To make the process easier, you can cut off the seam at the far end of the bag. This will allow unencumbered access to the project panel from both ends. Keep in mind that you will need a second bag closure to seal the end. These are available at VeneerSupplies.com.